# Entropy Source and DRNG Manager ...or /dev/random in User Space

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#### Agenda

- ESDM Goals
- ESDM Design
- Initial Seeding Strategies
- Entropy Sources

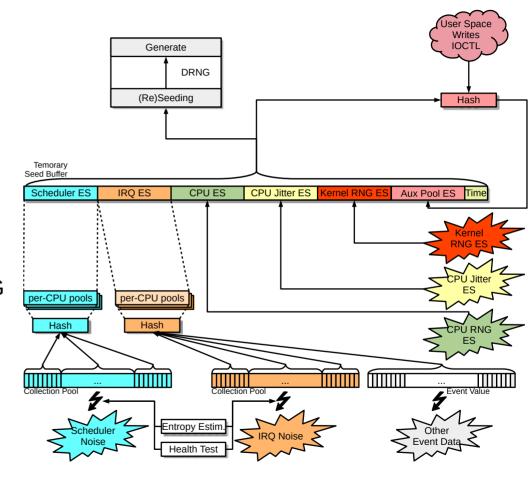
#### **ESDM Goals**

- Full user space implementation
  - No kernel changes needed only if scheduler ES is requested
  - Independent of political games of developers
- API and ABI compliant drop-in replacement of Linux /dev/random, /dev/urandom and getrandom(2)
- Minimal dependencies on environment
  - Protobuf-c
  - FUSE / CUSE support
- Runs fully unprivileged
- Sole use of cryptography for data processing
- Flexible configuration supporting wide range of use cases
- Standards compliance: SP800-90A/B/C, AIS 20/31, FIPS IG 7.19 / D.K (use of DRBG as conditioner)

```
$ ps -efa | grep esdm
                                           00:00:00 /usr/local/bin/esdm-server -f
root
             891
                       1 2 23:34 ?
             939
                                           00:00:00 /usr/local/bin/esdm-server -f
Inobody
                     891 0 23:34 ?
                                           00:00:00 /usr/local/bin/esdm-cuse-random -f
nobody
            1050
                       1 0 23:34 ?
            1051
                       1 0 23:34 ?
                                           00:00:00 /usr/local/bin/esdm-cuse-urandom -f
Inobody
                                            00:00:00 /usr/local/bin/esdm-proc --relabel -f -o allow other /proc/sys/kernel/random
nobody
            1054
                       1 0 23:34 ?
```

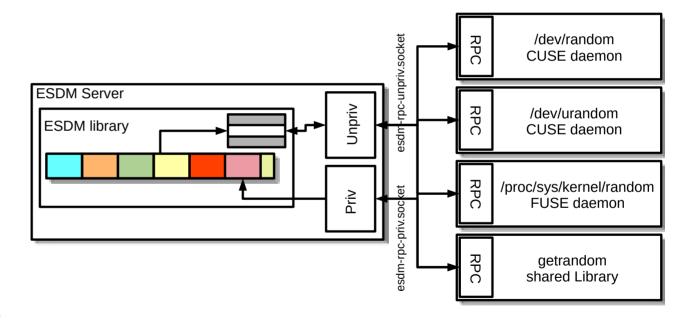
#### **ESDM** Design

- 6 Entropy Sources
  - 4 external
  - 2 internal
  - All ES treated equally
  - No domination by any ES seeding triggered by initialization process or DRNG
- All ES can be selectively disabled at compile time
- ES data fed into DRNG
- DRNG accessible with APIs



#### **ESDM Components**

- ESDM Server
  - Using ESDM library
  - Offering RPC Interface
  - Protobuf-C RPC
  - Sensitive operations require privilege
- ESDM RPC library
  - API for other clients
- /dev/random CUSE
- /dev/urandom CUSE
- /proc/sys/kernel/random FUSE
- libesdm-getrandom.so



#### **DRNG Output APIs**

- Blocking APIs deliver data only after fully initialized and fully seeded
  - When Linux compliant interfaces enabled:
    - /dev/random
    - getrandom() system call
- Prediction Resistance API deliver data only after fully initialized and successful reseed returning at most data equal to the amount of entropy
  - ESDM RPC client API
  - Using /dev/random with O\_SYNC
  - Compliant with:
    - FIPS IG 7.19 / D.K to use DRBG as conditioning component for seeding other DRBGs
    - German AIS 20/31 NTG.1 requirements
- All other APIs deliver data without blocking until complete initialization
  - No guarantee of ESDM being fully initialized / seeded

#### **DRNG** Seeding

- Temporary seed buffer: concatenation of output from all ES
- Seeding during initialization: when 256 bits of entropy are available
- · Seeding at runtime
  - After 2<sup>20</sup> generate requests or 10 minutes
  - After forced reseed by user space
  - After new DRNG is loaded
  - At least 128 bits (SP800-90C mode: ESDM security strength) of total entropy must be available
  - 256 bits of entropy requested from each ES ES may deliver less
  - Seed operation occurs when DRNG is requested to produce random bits
  - DRNG returns to not fully seeded when last seed with full entropy was > 2<sup>30</sup> generate operations ago

```
ESDM (22:00:20) (esdm-server) Debug - DRNG [../esdm/esdm_drng_mgr.c:esdm_drng_seed_work_one:361]: reseed triggered by system events for DRNG on NUMA node 1
ESDM (22:00:20) (esdm-server) Debug - Entropy Source [../esdm/esdm_es_jent.c:esdm_jent_get:122]: obtained 256 bits of entropy from Jitter RNG noise source
ESDM (22:00:20) (esdm-server) Debug - Entropy Source [../esdm/esdm_es_cpu.c:esdm_cpu_get:230]: obtained 8 bits of entropy from CPU RNG entropy source
ESDM (22:00:20) (esdm-server) Debug - Entropy Source [../esdm/esdm_es_krng.c:esdm_krng_get:243]: obtained 128 bits of entropy from kernel RNG noise source
ESDM (22:00:20) (esdm-server) Debug - Entropy Source [../esdm/esdm_es_aux.c:esdm_aux_get_pool:319]: obtained 0 bits by collecting 0 bits of entropy from aux pool, 0 bits of entropy remaining
ESDM (22:00:20) (esdm-server) Debug - DRNG [../esdm/esdm_drng_mgr.c:esdm_drng_inject:280]: seedilar DRNG with 272 bytes
ESDM (22:00:20) (esdm-server) Debug - DRNG [../esdm/esdm_drng_mgr.c:esdm_drng_inject:2310]: regular DRNG fully seeded
```

## Initial Seeding Strategy I Default Operation

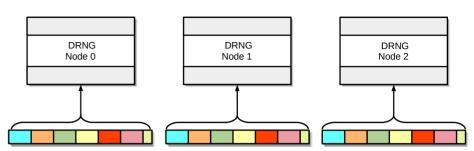
- DRNG is fully seeded with 256 bits of entropy
- Blocking interfaces released after DRNG is fully seeded
- Default applied
  - Either no specific seeding strategy compiled
  - Or specific seeding strategy is not enabled at boottime

### Initial Seeding Strategy II Entropy Source Oversampling

- · Fully seeded step changed
- Compile time option
  - Function only enabled in FIPS mode
  - Function only enabled if message digest of conditioner >= 384 bits
- Final conditioning: s + 64 bit
- Initial DRNG seeding: every entropy source requested for s + 128 bits
  - Every ES alone could provide all required entropy
- All ES data concatenated into seed buffer
- Runtime debug mode: display of all processing steps
- SP800-90C compliance:
  - SP800-90A DRBG with 256-bit strength / SHA-512 vetted conditioning component
  - Complies with RBG2(NP) per default
  - Can be configured to provide RBG2(P)
- Can be used in parallel with seeding strategy III

#### **DRNG** Management

- One DRNG per CPU up to maximum of 64
- Hash contexts on stack only
- Each DRNG initializes from entropy sources
- Sequential initialization of DRNG first is CPU 0
- If one DRNG node is not yet fully seeded → use of DRNG(Node 0)
- Each DRNG instance managed independently
- To prevent reseed storm reseed threshold different for each node
  - Node 0: 600 seconds
  - Node 1: 700 seconds
  - ...
- Maximum node number is compile time option

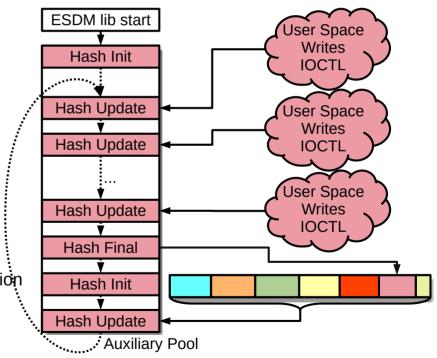


#### Data Processing Primitives

- Sole use of cryptographic mechanisms for data compression
- · Cryptographic primitives compile-time switchable
  - DRNG, Conditioning hash
  - Built-in: SP800-90A Hash DRBG SHA2-512 / SHA2-512
  - Available:
    - ChaCha20 DRNG
    - SP800-90A Hash DRBG SHA3-512
    - SHA3-512 conditioning function
    - Well-defined API to allow other cryptographic primitive implementations
- Complete cryptographic primitive testing available
  - Full ACVP test harness available: https://github.com/smuellerDD/acvpparser
  - ChaCha20 DRNG userspace implementation: https://github.com/smuellerDD/leancrypto
- Other data processing primitives
  - Concatenation of data
  - Truncation of message digest to heuristic entropy value
- Entropy behavior of all data processing primitives based on fully understood and uncontended operations

#### External Entropy Sources

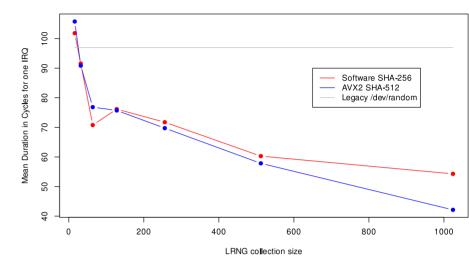
- Use without additional conditioning fast source
  - Jitter RNG
  - Kernel RNG
  - CPU (e.g. Intel RDSEED, POWER DARN, RISC-V CSRRW, IBM Z PRNO)
    - Proper oversampling as defined by specification
  - Data immediately available when ESDM requests it
- Additional conditioning slow source
  - RNGDs
  - Arbitrary writers to /dev/random
  - All received data added to "auxiliary pool" with hash update operation
  - Data "trickles in" over time
- Every entropy source has individual entropy estimate
  - Taken at face value each ES requires its own entropy assessment



#### Mean Duration in Cycles for one IRQ

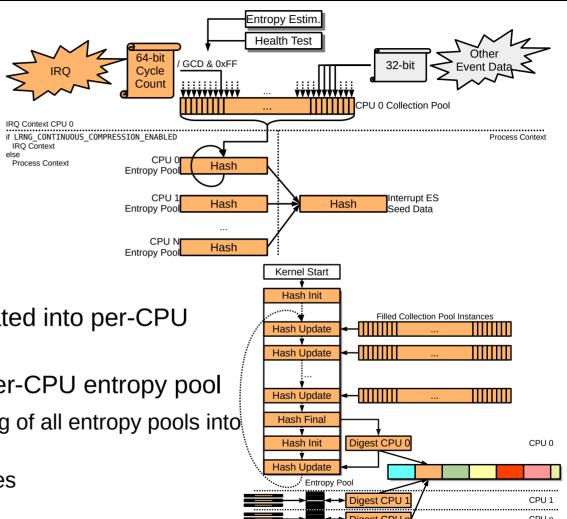
#### Internal ES: Interrupts

- Interrupt timing
  - All interrupts are treated as one entropy source
- Data collection executed in IRQ context
- Data compression executed partially in IRQ and process context
- Data compression is a hash update operation
- High performance: up to twice as fast as legacy /dev/random in IRQ context with LRNG\_CONTINUOUS\_COMPRESSION enabled
  - Even faster without continuous compression
- Kernel RNG lost acces to its primary IRQ ES → ESDM reseeds kernel RNG periodically



## Internal ES: IRQ Data Processing

- 8 LSB of time stamp divided by GCD concatenated into per-CPU collection pool
  - Entropy estimate
  - Health test
- 32 bits of other event data concatenated into per-CPU collection pool
- When array full → conditioned into per-CPU entropy pool
  - When entropy is required → conditioning of all entropy pools into one message digest
  - Addition of all per-CPU entropy estimates



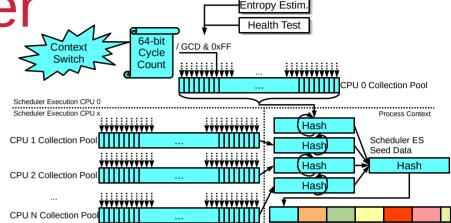
#### Internal ES: Scheduler Events

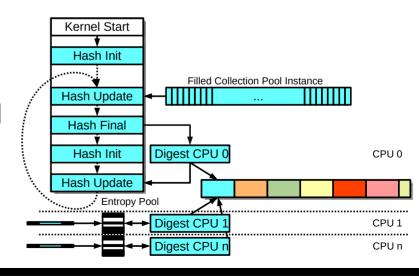
- Scheduler-based context switch timing
  - All context switches are treated as one entropy source
- Data collection executed in scheduler context
  - Collection: adding data into collection array → high-performance (couple of cycles)
- Data compression executed in process context during reseeding of DRNG
- Data compression is a hash operation
- Requires small kernel patch + kernel module
  - Code present in ESDM source tree

Internal ES: Scheduler

#### **Data Processing**

- 8 LSB of time stamp divided by GCD concatenated into per-CPU collection pool
  - Entropy estimate
  - Health test
- When array full → overwriting of oldest value
- When entropy is required → conditioning of all entropy pools into one message digest
  - Addition of all per-CPU entropy estimates





### Internal ES Testing Interfaces

- Testing code is compile time option
- Access via DebugFS
- Testing supports data collection at boot time and runtime:
  - Raw unprocessed entropy time stamps for Scheduler ES
  - Performance data for LRNG's Scheduler handler
- Full SP800-90B assessment documentation yet pending
- Raw entropy collection and analysis tools provided

Test System	Entropy of	Sufficient
	1,000,000 Traces	Entropy
ARMv7 rev 5	1.9344	Y
ARMv7 rev 5	7.07088	Y
(Freescale i.MX53) <sup>22</sup>		
ARMv7 rev 5	6.638399	Y
(Freescale i.MX6 Ultralite) <sup>23</sup>		
ARM 64 bit AppliedMicro X-Gene	5.599128	Y
Mustang Board		
Intel Atom Z530 – using GUI	3.38584	Y
Intel i7 7500U Skylake - 64-bit KVM	3.452064	Y
environment		
Intel i7 8565U Whiskey Lake – 64-bit	7.400136	Y
KVM environment		
Intel i7 8565U Whiskey Lake – 32-bit	7.405704	Y
KVM environment		
Intel i7 8565U Whiskey Lake	6.871	Y
Intel Xeon Gold 6234	4.434168	Y
IBM POWER 8 LE 8286-42A	6.830712	Y
IBM POWER 7 BE 8202-E4C	4.233912	Y
IBM System Z z13 (machine 2964)	4.366368	Y
IBM System Z z15 (machine 8561)	5.691832	Y
MIPS Atheros AR7241 rev 1 <sup>24</sup>	7.157064	Y
MIPS Lantiq 34Kc V5.6 <sup>25</sup>	7.032740	Y
Qualcomm IPQ4019 ARMv7 <sup>26</sup>	6.638405	Y
SiFive HiFive Unmatched RISC-V U74	2.387470	Y

#### Internal ES Health Test

- Health test compile-time configurable
- Power-Up self tests
  - All cryptographic mechanisms
  - Time stamp management
- APT / RCT
- Time-Stamp Pattern detection: 1st/2nd/3rd discrete derivative of time ≠ 0
- Blocking interface: Wait until APT power-up testing complete
- Provides SP800-90B compliance of internal ES

#### **General Testing**

- Automated regression test suite covering the different options of ESDM
  - Meson test harness
- Applied testing frameworks
  - ASAN: address, thread, undefined
  - Valgrind memory leak detector
  - clang-scan
- Performance tests of DRNG
- Interface validation testing
- Compile test testing all options

```
inia: Entering directory `/home/sm/tmp/esdm-0.3.0/build'
 4/52 HMAC SHA512
                                                                            3.01s
3.01s
3.01s
 4/52 Read /dev/random - w/o ESDM server
  /52 Read /dev/urandom - w/o ESDM server
  /52 Write /dev/random - w/o ESDM server
  /52 Write /dev/urandom - w/o ESDM server
                                                                            0.039
 0/52 ES Scheduler
 1/52 ESDM API call esdm status
32/52 ESDM API call esdm version
33/52 ESDM API call esdm get random bytes full
                                                                            0.209
34/52 ESDM API call esdm get random bytes
                                                                            0.24
35/52 ESDM API call esdm get random bytes min
                          1ENT ES no ETPS
47/52 ESDM seed entropy - Sched ES, FIPS
exit status 77
48/52 System call getrandom
49/52 RPC call get random bytes full test
50/52 RPC call get_random_bytes_min_test
51/52 RPC call get random bytes test
52/52 RPC call status test
Expected Fail:
Unexpected Pass:
```

#### **ESDM - Resources**

- Code / Tests / Documentation: https://github.com/smuellerDD/esdm
- Testing conducted with
  - FIPS mode
  - Without FIPS mode
  - With SELinux enabled
  - Without SELinux

```
cat /proc/sys/kernel/random/esdm type
ESDM library version: 0.3.0
DRNG name: builtin SP800-90A Hash DRBG
ESDM security strength in bits: 256
Number of DRNG instances: 8
Standards compliance:
ESDM minimally seeded: true
ESDM fully seeded: true
Entropy Source 0 properties:
Name: Scheduler
disabledEntropy Source 1 properties:
Name: JitterRNG
Available entropy: 256
Library version: 3040000
Entropy Source 2 properties:
Name: CPU
Hash for compressing data: N/A
Available entropy: 8
Data multiplier: 1
Entropy Source 3 properties:
Name: KernelRNG
Available entropy: 128
Entropy Rate per 256 data bits: 128
Entropy Source 4 properties:
Name: Auxiliary
Hash for operating entropy pool: builtin SHA-512
Available entropy: 0
```

cat /proc/sys/kernel/random/esdm type ESDM library version: 0.3.0 DRNG name: builtin SP800-90A Hash DRBG ESDM security strength in bits: 256 Number of DRNG instances: 19 Standards compliance: SP800-90C ESDM minimally seeded: true ESDM fullv seeded: true Entropy Source 0 properties: Name: Scheduler disabledEntropy Source 1 properties: Name: JitterRNG Available entropy: 256 Library version: 3040000 Entropy Source 2 properties: Name: CPU Hash for compressing data: N/A Available entropy: 8 Data multiplier: 1 Entropy Source 3 properties: Name: Kernel RNG Available entropy: 0 Entropy Rate per 256 data bits: 0 Entropy Source 4 properties: Name: Auxiliarv Hash for operating entropy pool: builtin SHA-512 Available entropy: 0